

1

Summary/Overview From The Rick Burgess Show:
Job Ch 19 Men's Bible Study by Rick Burgess

Job Chapter 19 Summary

In this emotionally intense chapter, Job responds to Bildad's second speech (from chapter 18). Job is at one of his lowest points—physically suffering, socially isolated, and feeling utterly abandoned—but he delivers some of the most famous and hopeful lines in the entire book.

Key Sections:

1. **Job's Complaint Against His Friends (vv. 1–6)** Job accuses his friends of tormenting and shaming him with their words. He says they have reproached him “ten times” and insists that if he has truly sinned, it is his own business—not something they need to keep attacking him about. He feels God has wronged him and trapped him like a prisoner.
2. **Job Describes His Total Rejection and Suffering (vv. 7–20)** Job cries out that even when he calls for help, no justice comes. God has stripped him of his honor, torn the “crown” from his head, and destroyed him on every side.
 - His family and friends have abandoned him.
 - His relatives and close acquaintances avoid him.
 - Even young children despise him.
 - His servants ignore him, and his wife finds his breath repulsive.
 - His body is decaying; his skin and flesh waste away (“I have escaped by the skin of my teeth”). This is one of the most vivid descriptions of total social and physical isolation in the book.
3. **Job Pleads for Pity from His Friends (vv. 21–22)** He begs them: “Have pity on me, have pity on me, O you my friends, for the hand of God has touched me!” He asks why they persecute him as God does and are never satisfied with attacking his flesh (his suffering).
4. **Job's Great Declaration of Faith and Hope (vv. 23–27) – The Climax** In one of the most powerful passages in the Old Testament, Job suddenly breaks through his despair with confident hope:
 - He wishes his words could be inscribed forever in a book or carved into rock with an iron pen and lead.
 - Then he proclaims:

“For I know that my Redeemer lives, and that at the last he will stand upon the earth. And after my skin has been thus destroyed, yet in my flesh I shall see God, whom I shall see for myself, and my eyes shall behold, and not another.” (vv. 25–27, ESV)
5. **This is Job's firm belief that his “Redeemer”** (or Vindicator/Goel) is alive and will one day vindicate him—either in this life or after death. He expects to see God personally, with his own eyes, even if his body is destroyed.

2

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6. **Final Warning to His Friends (vv. 28–29)** Job warns them that if they keep saying, “How we will persecute him!” and claim the root of the problem is in Job, they should fear the sword (God’s judgment) themselves, because wrath brings punishment for such injustice.

Overall Tone and Importance

Chapter 19 shows Job oscillating between deep despair and astonishing faith. Despite feeling crushed by God and abandoned by everyone, he clings to the conviction that his Redeemer lives and that he will ultimately see God as his defender. This passage (especially vv. 25–27) has been cherished by Jews and Christians for centuries as one of the clearest Old Testament expressions of hope in resurrection and final vindication.

The document is a discussion or teaching on Job 19 from the Bible, focusing on Job's suffering, his plea for understanding from his friends, and the theological implications of his situation.

Job's Plea for Understanding

Job expresses his deep anguish and confusion over his suffering, seeking answers from God and pleading with his friends to stop their accusations.

- Job feels tormented by his friends' words and pleads for them to stop.
- He asserts his innocence and questions their enjoyment in his suffering.
- Job emphasizes that his relationship with God is personal and not for his friends to judge.
- He feels crushed by their accusations and seeks a break from the ongoing debate.

The Nature of Job's Suffering

Job describes the extent of his suffering, both physically and emotionally, feeling abandoned by friends and family.

- Job feels stripped of his glory and honor, experiencing a loss of self-esteem.
- He compares himself to a tree that has been uprooted, indicating a complete loss of hope.
- Job feels that God has turned against him, interpreting his suffering as divine wrath.
- He laments the abandonment by his friends, family, and even servants, feeling like a stranger to those who once respected him.

3

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Job's Despair and Isolation

Job articulates his profound sense of isolation and despair, feeling forsaken by those closest to him.

- He states that his brothers and friends have distanced themselves from him.
- Job feels that even his wife and children view him with disdain, highlighting his loneliness.
- He expresses that children disrespect him, indicating a loss of authority and respect in society.
- Job's intimate friends have turned against him, leaving him feeling utterly alone in his suffering.

Job's Call for Mercy

Job pleads for mercy from his friends, emphasizing his suffering and the need for support rather than judgment.

- He asks his friends to have mercy on him, recognizing that he is in a difficult situation.
- Job questions why they would also choose to be against him when he is already suffering.
- He expresses a desire for understanding and support from those who know him well.
- Job's plea highlights the importance of compassion and solidarity in times of distress.

Job's Plea for Mercy and Justice

Job expresses his desire for mercy and justice, reflecting on the grace he has received and urging others to extend the same to him.

- Job pleads for mercy, recalling Jesus' teachings on grace.
- He questions why God pursues him relentlessly, feeling overwhelmed by his suffering.
- Job wishes for his innocence to be documented, indicating a desire for vindication.

The Hope of Redemption

Job finds hope in the belief that a Redeemer exists who will ultimately vindicate him.

- He asserts, "For I know that my Redeemer lives," emphasizing his faith in redemption.
- Job acknowledges that he may not be vindicated in life but believes he will see God after death.

4

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- This foreshadows the New Covenant, highlighting the importance of a Redeemer.

The Assurance of Seeing God

Job expresses confidence that he will see God, which brings him hope amidst his suffering.

- He states that he will see God in his flesh, indicating a belief in life after death.
- Job's anticipation of standing before God fills him with awe and reverence.
- He warns his friends about the consequences of their judgment, emphasizing the need for self-reflection.

Warning Against Misjudgment

Job cautions his friends about the dangers of misjudging him and the potential consequences they may face.

- He warns them to be afraid of the sword, indicating divine judgment for their actions.
- Job reminds them that they will be judged by the same standard they use to judge him.
- This serves as a reminder of the importance of humility and self-awareness in judgment.

The Importance of Redemption and Sanctification

The text emphasizes the significance of redemption through Christ and the ongoing process of sanctification.

- Believers are encouraged to acknowledge their need for a Redeemer and to turn away from self-reliance.
- The process of sanctification involves striving for spiritual growth and understanding God's word.
- Ultimately, glorification will come, marking the end of the struggle against sin and the flesh.